



1課  
ようごとぶん

**Lesson 1**  
**Words and phrases**

**Leksyon 1**  
**Mga Salita**

ようご	Words	Mga salita
え	picture/illustration	larawan
かぞえましょう	let's count	bilangin natin
すうじ	number in figures	numero
せん	line	linya, guhit
むすびましょう	let's connect	pagdugtungin natin

ぶん	Phrases	Grupo ng mga salita
えをみてかぞえましょう	Look at the picture. Let's count.	Tingnan ang larawan at bilangin natin.
Aとすうじをせんでお びましょう。	Draw a line to connect A with the correct number.	Pagdugtungin ang A at ang tamang bilang.



## 1 課/Lesson 1/Leksyon 1

### 【内容】 Contents Mga Nilalaman

(1 位数) + (1 位数) / 合併場面における加法
(1 digit) + (1 digit) / putting things together, in the case of addition.
(1 digit) + (1 digit) / pinagsasamang mga bagay, sa kaso ng pagdaragdag.

### 【日本語の表現】 Math Expressions in Japanese Mga Math Expressions sa Japanese

[ ] と [ ] を せんで おすびましよう。 / [ ] to [ ] o sende musubimashoo.
Draw a line to connect ( ) and ( ).
Pagdugtungin ang ( ) at ( ).

### 【日本語に関する注意点】 Notes on Japanese words Mga Paalaala Tungkol sa Salitang Hapon

4は「し」「よん」、7は「しち」「なな」、9は「く」「きゅう」という2通りの読み方があります。しかしこの課では、こどもが混乱しないように「よん」「なな」「きゅう」を使っています。【参照】資料1
There are two ways of reading 4 “ <i>shi</i> ” and “ <i>yon</i> ”, 7 “ <i>shichi</i> ” and “ <i>nana</i> ”, and 9 “ <i>ku</i> ” and “ <i>kyuu</i> ” . However, to avoid confusion among the young learners, this lesson will only use “ <i>yon</i> ”, “ <i>nana</i> ” and “ <i>kyuu</i> ” .
[(Reference)] Material 1: Numbers
Mayroong dalawang paraan sa pagbasa ng 4 (apat) ~ “ <i>shi</i> ” at “ <i>yon</i> ”, ng 7 (pito) ~ “ <i>shichi</i> ” at “ <i>nana</i> ”, at ng 9 (siyam) ~ “ <i>ku</i> ” at “ <i>kyuu</i> ”. Ngunit sa yunit na ito, upang maiwasan ang pagkalito ng mga bata, gagamitin lamang ang “ <i>yon</i> ”, “ <i>nana</i> ”, at “ <i>kyuu</i> ” .
[Reperensya] Material 1: Numero



# 1 10までのかず

Juu made no kazu

5までの数の唱え方と数字

1

えをみて かぞえましょう。

E o mite kazoemashoo.

1 いち ichi



2 に ni

1, 2, 3, 4



3 さん san

かぞえます。 Kazoemasu.



4 よん yon



5 ご go

よん? し? Yon? Shi?



どっちでもいいです。 Docchi demo ii desu.



# 1 Numbers from 1 to 10 Bilang 1 hanggang 10

5までの数の唱え方と数字

1

Look at the picture. Let's count.  
Tingnan ang larawan. Magbilang tayo.

1 one isa



2 two dalawa

1, 2, 3, 4



3 three tatlo

Count. Bumilang.



4 four apat



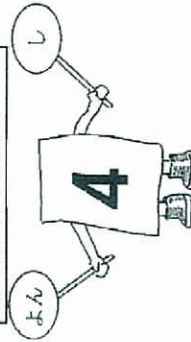
5 five lima

Four

(2 ways of reading 4 in Japanese)  
Yon o Shi ay 2 paraan sa pagbasa ng 4 sa Japanese.



Both may be used.  
Puwedeng gamitin ang alin man sa dalawa.



2

と すうじを せんで むすびましょ。   
 to suuji o sen de musubimashoo.

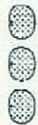
すうじ   
 suuji



• 1



• 2



• 3



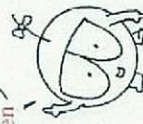
• 4



• 5



せん   
 Sen



せんで むすびます。   
 Sen de musubimasu.



• 1



2

Draw a line to connect A with the correct number.   
 Pagdugtungin ang A at ang tamang bilang.

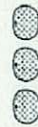
Numbers.   
 Bilang.



A



• 2



• 3



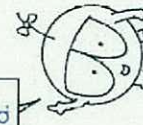
• 4



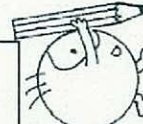
• 5



Line.   
 Linya.



Connect.   
 Pagdugtungin.



• 1



3

Look at the picture. Let's count.  
Tingnan ang larawan at magbilang tayo.



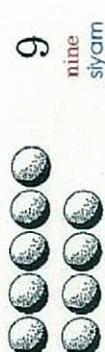
6  
six  
anim



7  
seven  
pito



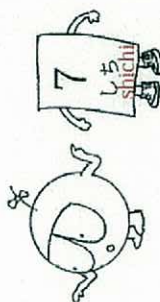
8  
eight  
walo



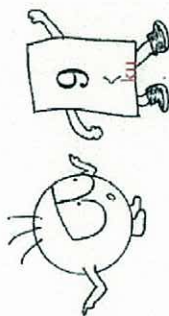
9  
nine  
siyam



10  
ten  
sampu



2 ways of reading 7 in Japanese.  
Shichi o Nana ay 2 paraan sa  
pagbasa ng 7 sa Japanese.



2 ways of reading 9 in Japanese.  
Kyuu o Ku ay 2 paraan sa  
pagbasa ng 9 sa Japanese.

3

えをみてかぞえましょう。  
E o mite kazoemashoo.



6  
ろく  
roku



7  
なな  
nana



8  
はち  
hachi



9  
きゅう  
kyuu



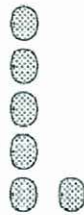
10  
じゅう  
juu

4

と すうじを せんで むすびましよう。  
to suuji o sen de musubimashoo.



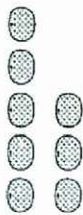
• 5



• 8



• 6



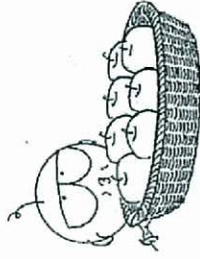
• 9



• 7



• 10



4

Draw a line to connect A with the correct number.  
Pagdugtungin ang A at ang tamang bilang.

A



Number / Bilang  
• 5



• 8



• 6



• 9



• 7



• 10

